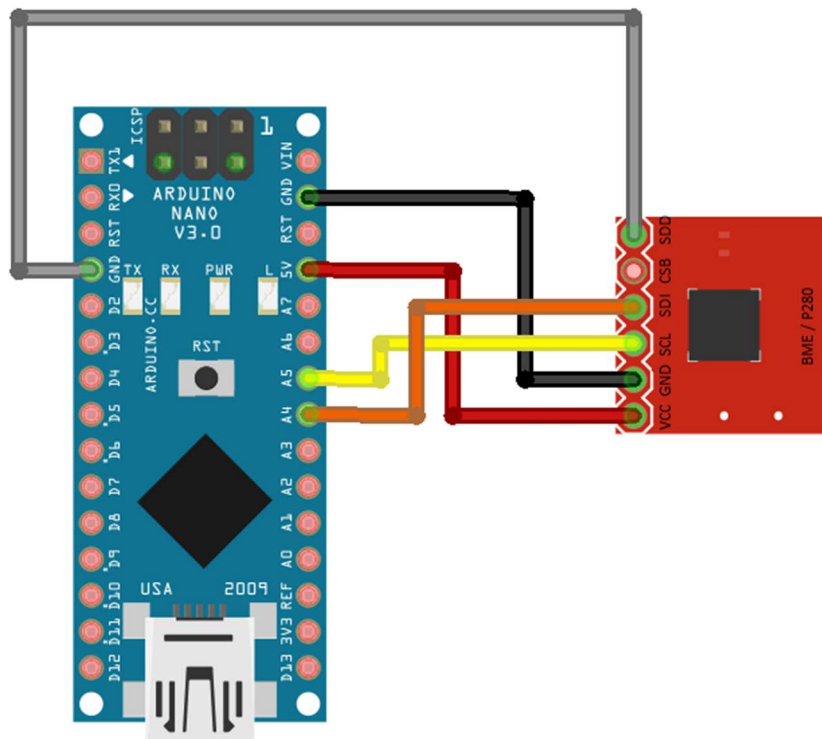


## Barometer sensor

[Plan de câblage / Wiring diagram](#)



fritzing

[Liste du matériel requis / List of required equipment:](#)

- x1 carte arduino nano v3.0
- x1 capteur BMP280
- x1 cable USB

[Informations complémentaires / Further informations :](#)

Les fils rouges et noirs servent à l'alimentation de la sonde (rouge sur + et noir pour la masse). L'alimentation est en 5V. Les connexions à faire sont décrites ci-dessous.

*The red and black wires are used to supply the probe (red on + and black for ground). The power supply is 5V. Connections are described below.*

VCC → 5V | GND → GND | SCL → A5 | SDA → A4 | SDO → GND

## barometer.ino

---

```
#include <Wire.h>
#include <SPI.h>
#include <Adafruit_Sensor.h>
#include <Adafruit_BMP280.h>

#define BMP_SCK 13
#define BMP_MISO 12
#define BMP_MOSI 11
#define BMP_CS 10

Adafruit_BMP280 bme; // I2C
//Adafruit_BMP280 bme(BMP_CS); // hardware SPI
//Adafruit_BMP280 bme(BMP_CS, BMP_MOSI, BMP_MISO, BMP_SCK);
int incomingByte = 0;
boolean value = false;
double total;

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);
  bme.begin();
}

void loop() {
  while (value==false){
    Serial.println(5);
    delay(50);

    //Serial.println(2);
    while (Serial.available()>=1){
      incomingByte = Serial.read();
      if (incomingByte!=-1){

        //delay(100)
        value = true;

      }
    }
  }
  //Serial.print(F("Temperature = "));
  // Serial.print(bme.readTemperature());
  // Serial.println(" *C");

  //Serial.print(F("Pressure = "));
  total=0;
  for (int i=0;i<64;i++){
    total=total+bme.readPressure()/64.;
    delay(5);
  }
  Serial.println(total);
  delay(100);
}
```